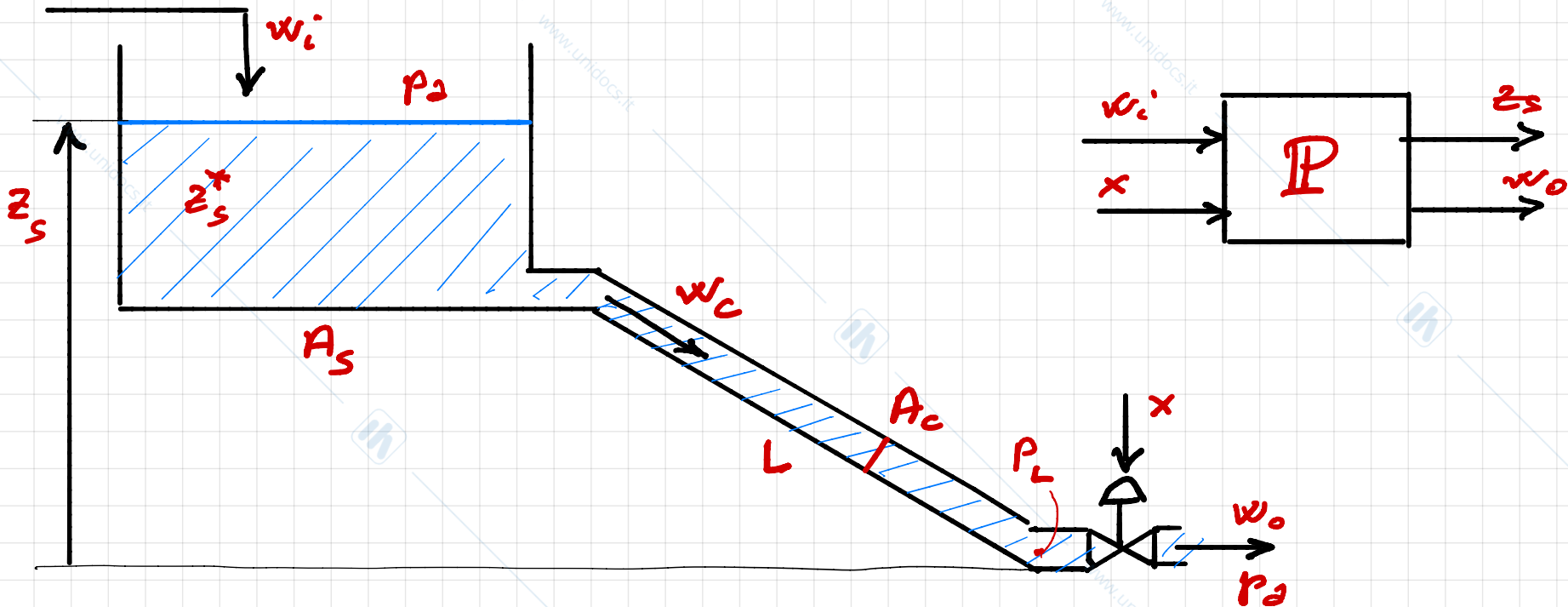


# CONTROLLO MIMO DI LIVELLO E PORTATA

## PROGETTO DEL SISTEMA DI CONTROLLO E SIMULAZIONI

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# - CONTROLLO DI UN PROCESSO SERBATOIO-CONDOTTA-VALVOLA



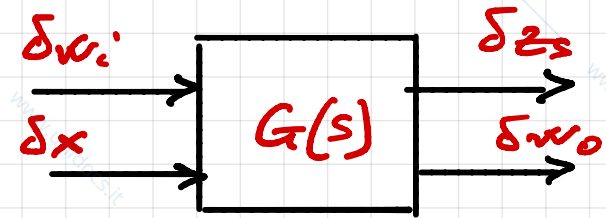
## - PROBLEMA

CONTROLLO MIMO DI  $z_S, w_o$  MEDIANTE  $w_i, x$

## - MODELLO LINEARIZZATO

$$\begin{cases} \delta \dot{z}_s(t) = -\alpha \delta \omega_0(t) + \alpha \delta \omega_i(t) \\ \delta \dot{\omega}_0(t) = \beta_1 \delta z_s(t) - \beta_2 \delta \omega_0(t) + \beta_3 \delta x(t) \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\alpha \\ \beta_1 & -\beta_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & \beta_3 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = I$$



## - MATRICE DI TRASFERIMENTO

$$G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B = \frac{1}{\underbrace{s^2 + \beta_2 s + \alpha \beta_1}_{\varphi(s)}} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha(s + \beta_2) & -\alpha \beta_3 \\ \alpha \beta_1 & \beta_3 s \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} G_{zw}(s) & G_{zx}(s) \\ G_{ww}(s) & G_{wx}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

## - ESEMPIO NUMERICO

### - DATI

$$A_s = 8 \text{ [m}^2\text{]} \quad A_c = 0.15 \text{ [m}^2\text{]} \quad L = 15 \text{ [m]} \quad \bar{p} = 1.24 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ [kg}^{-1}\text{]}$$
$$A_v = 35 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ [m}^2\text{]} \quad k = 4$$
$$\rho = 1000 \text{ [kg/m}^3\text{]} \quad g = 9.8 \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$$

$C_f \approx 0.0035$

### - EQUILIBRIO

$$\bar{w}_i = \bar{w}_0 = 70 \text{ [kg/s]}$$
$$\bar{z}_s = 10 \text{ [m]}$$
$$\bar{x} = 0.5048$$

### - PARAMETRI MODELLO LINEARIZZATO

$$\alpha = 1.25 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\beta_1 = 98.1 \quad \beta_2 = 28.03 \quad \beta_3 = 3.827 \cdot 10^3$$

$$\varphi(s) = s^2 + \beta_2 s + \alpha \beta_1 = s^2 + 28.03s + 0.0123 \quad \text{POLINOMIO CARATTERISTICO}$$

#### AUTOVALORI

$$s_1 = -4 \cdot 10^{-4}$$
$$s_2 = -28.03$$

#### CONSTANTI DI TEMPO

$$\tau_1 = 2286 \quad \leftarrow \text{DOMINANTE}$$
$$\tau_2 = 0.0357$$

dati\_condotta  
Condotta - 22

## - FDT

$$G_{zw}(s) = \frac{\alpha(s + \beta_2)}{\varphi(s)} = \frac{\mu_{zw}(1 + sT)}{(1 + s\tau_1)(1 + s\tau_2)} \approx \frac{\mu_{zw}}{1 + s\tau_1}$$

$T \approx \tau_2$

$\mu_{zw} = \frac{\beta_2}{\beta_1} \approx 0.28$

$$G_{zx}(s) = \frac{-\alpha\beta_3}{\varphi(s)} = \frac{\mu_{zx}}{(1 + s\tau_1)(1 + s\tau_2)}$$

$\mu_{zx} = -\frac{\beta_3}{\beta_1} \approx -39.62$

$$G_{uv}(s) = \frac{\alpha\beta_1}{\varphi(s)} = \frac{\mu_{uv}}{(1 + s\tau_1)(1 + s\tau_2)}$$

$\mu_{uv} = 1$

$$G_{vx}(s) = \frac{\beta_3 s}{\varphi(s)} = \frac{\mu_{vx} s}{(1 + s\tau_1)(1 + s\tau_2)}$$

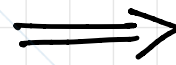
$\mu_{vx} = \frac{\beta_3}{\alpha\beta_1} \approx 3.2 \cdot 10^5$

## - SPECIFICHE DI PROGETTO

(a)  $e(\infty) = 0$

(b)  $\omega_c \approx 0.002$

(c)  $\varphi_m > 75^\circ$



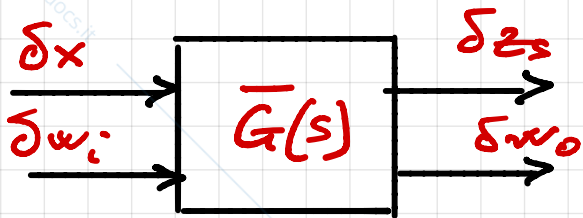
$t_d \approx 2500$

# CONTROLLO DECENTRALIZZATO



# PROGETTO DI CONTROLLO DECENTRALIZZATO

**RGA**  $\lambda = 0 \implies$  CONVIENE USARE  $x$  PER REGOLARE  $z_s$   
 $w_i$  PER REGOLARE  $w_o$



$$\bar{G}(s) = \begin{bmatrix} G_{zx}(s) & G_{zw}(s) \\ G_{wx}(s) & G_{ww}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

PROGETTO  
INDIPENDENTE

- PROGETTO DI  $R_1(s)$  SU  $G_{zx}(s) = \frac{-39.62}{(1+s\tau_1)(1+s\tau_2)}$

$$\implies R_1(s) = -\frac{0.1}{\tau_1} \frac{1+s\tau_1}{s}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \omega_{c1} \approx 0.002 \\ \varphi_{m1} \approx 90^\circ \end{array} \right.$$

OK

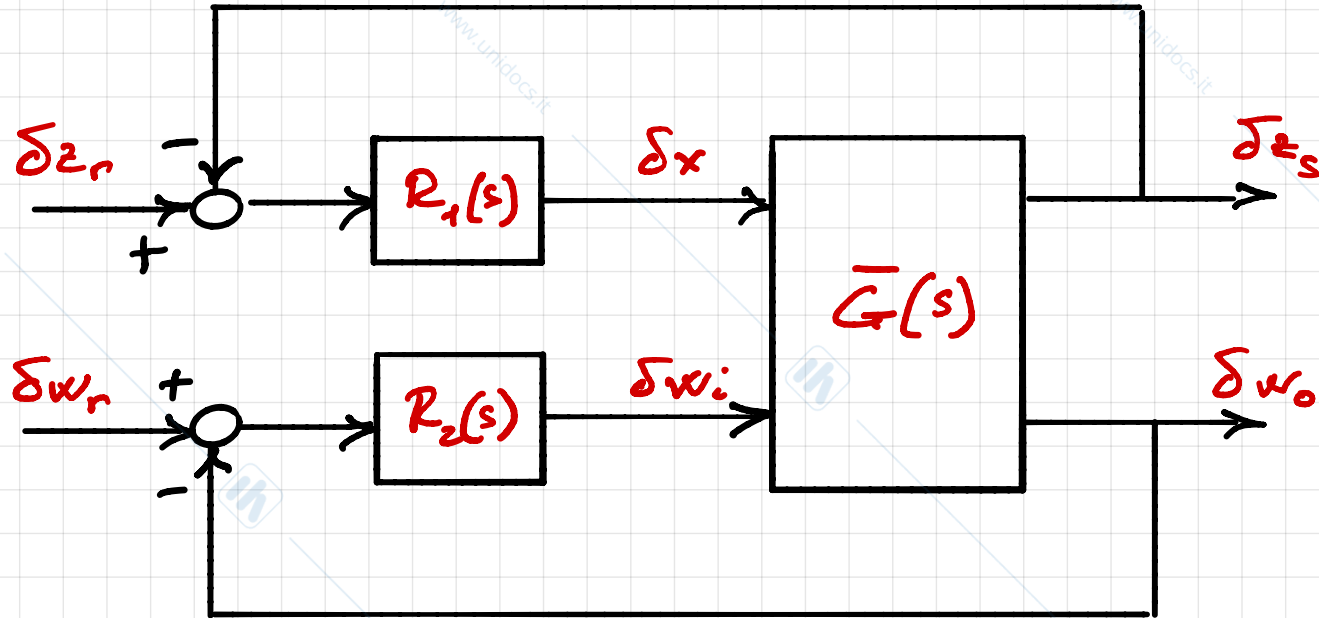
- PROGETTO DI  $R_2(s)$  SU  $G_{ww}(s) = \frac{1}{(1+s\tau_1)(1+s\tau_2)}$

$$\implies R_2(s) = \frac{4}{\tau_1} \frac{1+s\tau_1}{s}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \omega_{c2} \approx 0.002 \\ \varphi_{m2} \approx 90^\circ \end{array} \right.$$

OK

# - CONTROLLO DECENTRALIZZATO



## - SIMULAZIONI

### - RIFERIMENTI

$$\delta z_r = -2 \text{ sca}(t-500)$$

$$\delta w_r = 5 \text{ sca}(t-5000)$$

### - SATURAZIONI

$$x \in [0.2, 1]$$

$$w_i \in [40, 100]$$

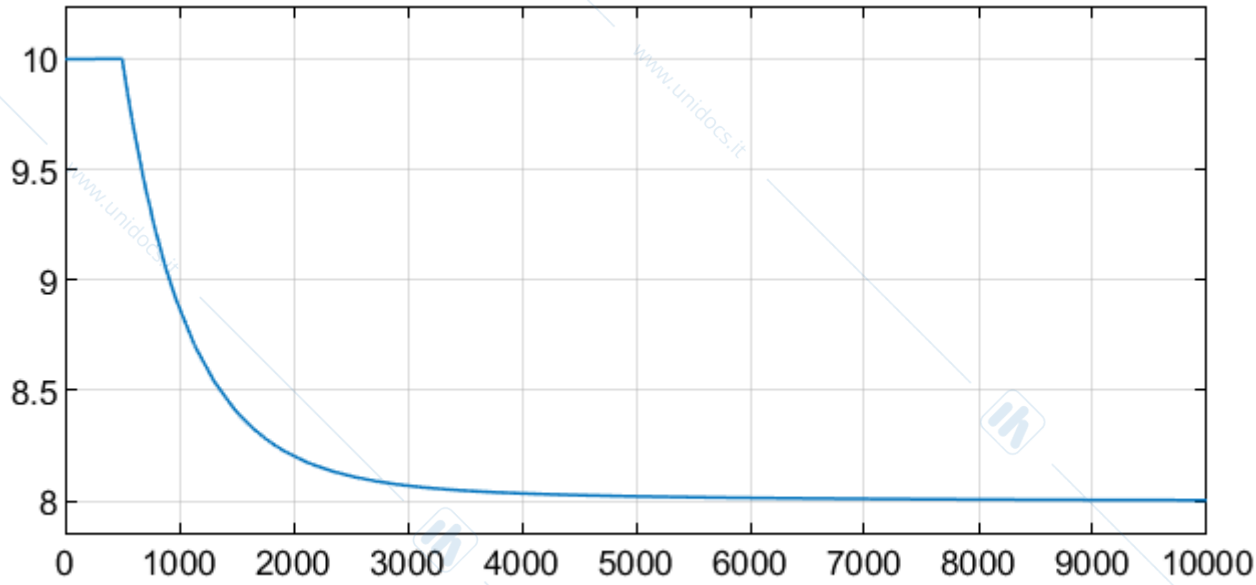
## - RISULTATI

- REGOLAZIONI SEPARATE (OK)

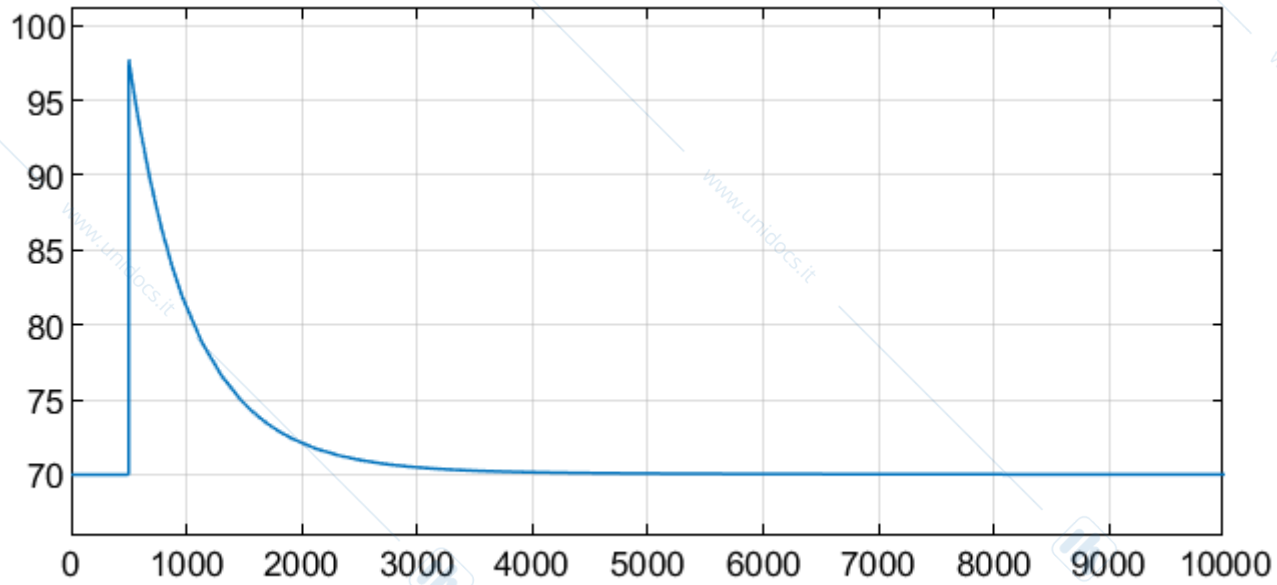
- CON REGOLAZIONI CONGIUNTE  
FORTE INTERAZIONE E  
SPECIFICA SU  $t_d$  NON RISPETTATA

condotta\_dec\_ind

# Solo controllo di livello

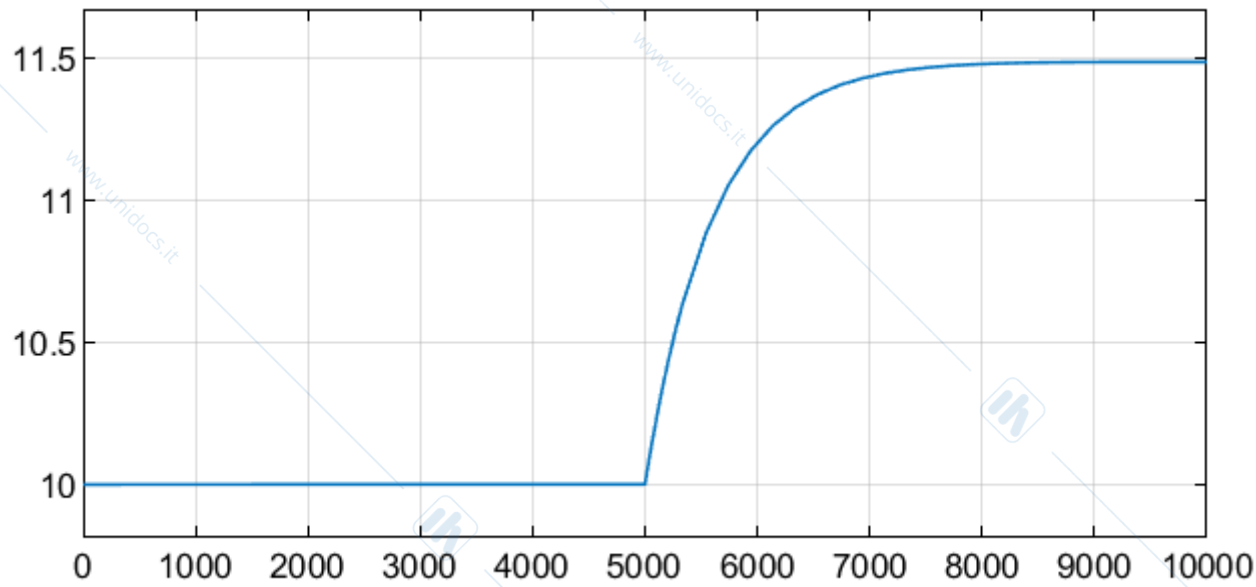


livello  $z_s$

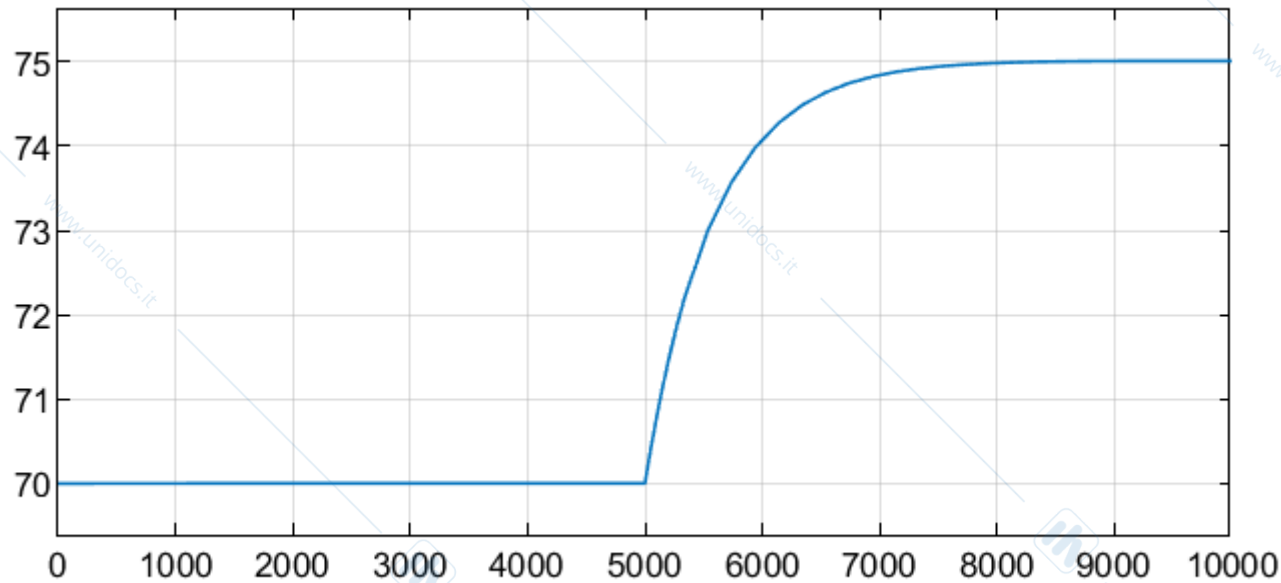


portata  $w_o$

# Solo controllo di portata

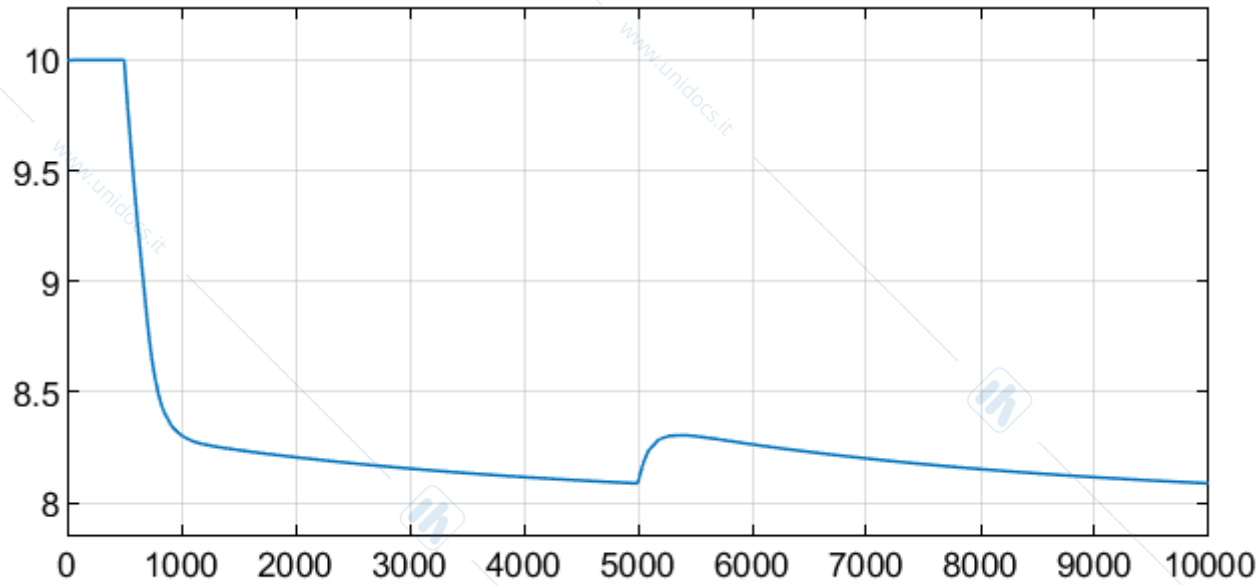


livello  $z_s$

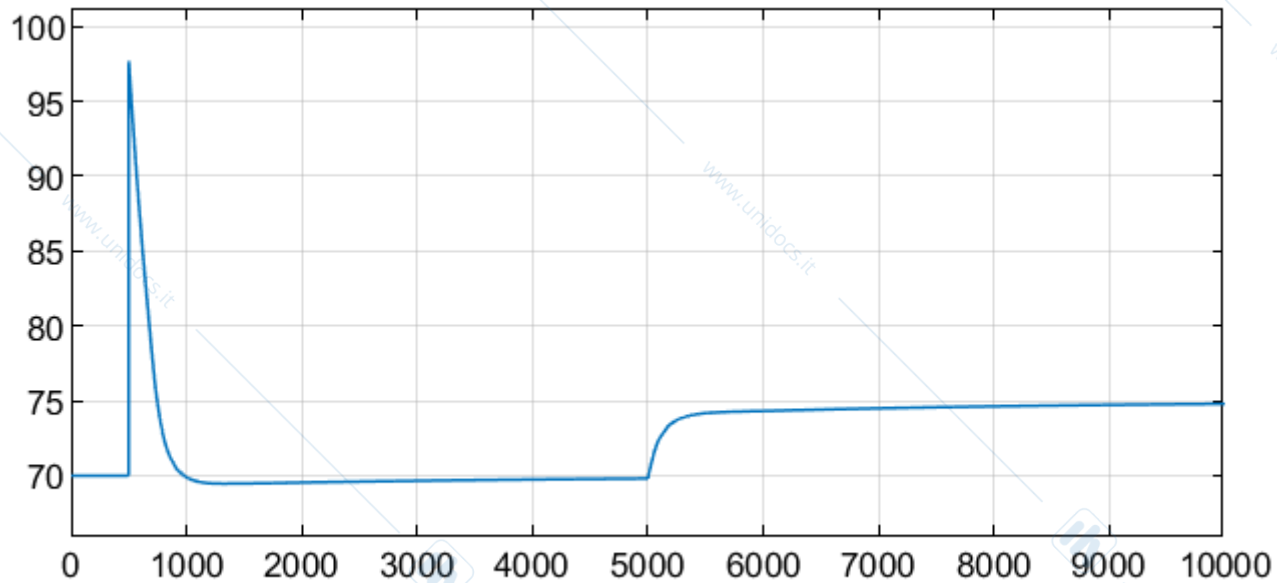


portata  $w_o$

# Controllo congiunto di livello e portata



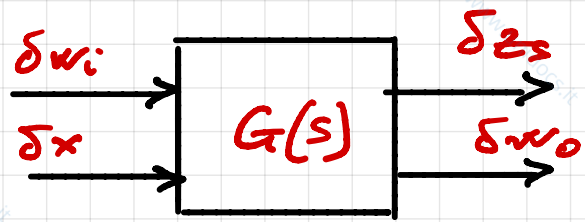
livello  $z_s$



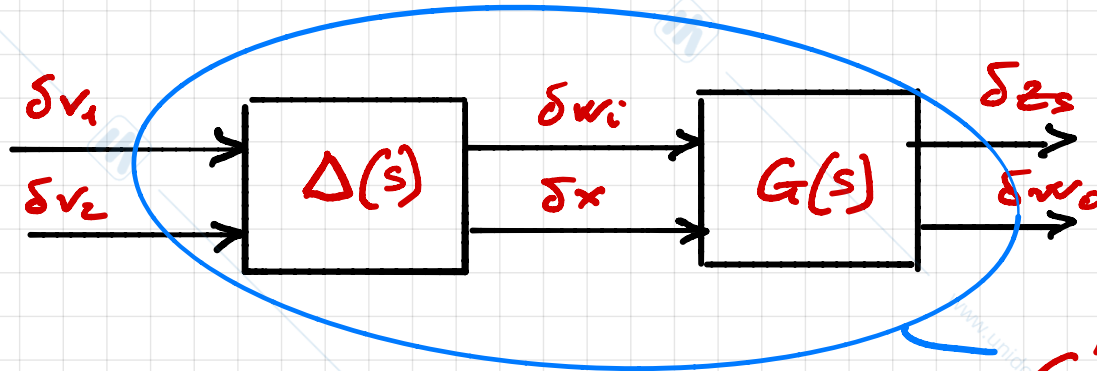
portata  $w_o$

# CONTROLLO CON DISACCOUPLIATORE

# PROGETTO DISACCOPIATORE



$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} G_{zw}(s) & G_{zx}(s) \\ G_{wo}(s) & G_{wx}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$



$$G'(s) = G(s) \Delta(s)$$

DIAGONALE

## - VERIFICA POLI DI $G(s)$

- POLI:  $-\frac{1}{z_1}$   $-\frac{1}{z_2}$

$\Rightarrow$  TUTTI I POLI HANNO  $Re < 0$

OK

## - VERIFICA ZERI DI $G(s)$

$$\det G(s) = G_{zw}(s)G_{wx}(s) - G_{ww}(s)G_{zx}(s) = \dots$$

$$= \frac{s^2 \overbrace{z_2}^{>0} \mu_{zw} \mu_{wx} + s \mu_{zw} \mu_{wx} - \overbrace{\mu_{zx}}^{<0} \overbrace{\mu_{ww}}^{>0}}{(1+s z_1)^2 (1+s z_2)^2}$$

POLINOMIO DI GRADO 2 CON COEFFICIENTI CONCORDI

$\Rightarrow$  TUTTI GLI ZERI HANNO  $Re < 0$

OK

## DISACCOPLIATORE IN AVANTI

$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} G_{zw}(s) & G_{zx}(s) \\ G_{yw}(s) & G_{yx}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta(s) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \Delta_{12}(s) \\ \Delta_{21}(s) & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta_{12}(s) = -\frac{G_{zx}(s)}{G_{zw}(s)} = -\frac{\mu_{zx}}{\mu_{zw}} \frac{1}{1+s\tau_2} \approx \frac{139}{1+s\tau_2}$$

$$\Delta_{21}(s) = -\frac{G_{yw}(s)}{G_{yx}(s)} = -\frac{\mu_{yw}}{\mu_{yx}} \frac{1}{s} \approx -\frac{3 \cdot 10^{-6}}{s}$$

## SISTEMA DISACCOPLIATO

$$G'(s) = G(s) \Delta(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1.25 \cdot 10^{-4}}{s} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{139}{1+s\tau_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$G'_{11}(s)$   
 $G'_{22}(s)$

## - PROGETTO DEI REGOLATORI

$$G'(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1.25 \cdot 10^{-4}}{s} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{139}{1+s\tau_2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$G'_{11}(s)$  (circled in blue)

$G'_{22}(s)$  (circled in blue)

- PROGETTO DI  $R'_1(s)$  SU  $G'_{11}(s)$

$$\Rightarrow R'_1(s) = 16$$

$$\begin{cases} \omega'_{c1} \approx 0.002 \\ \varphi'_{m1} \approx 90^\circ \end{cases}$$

OK

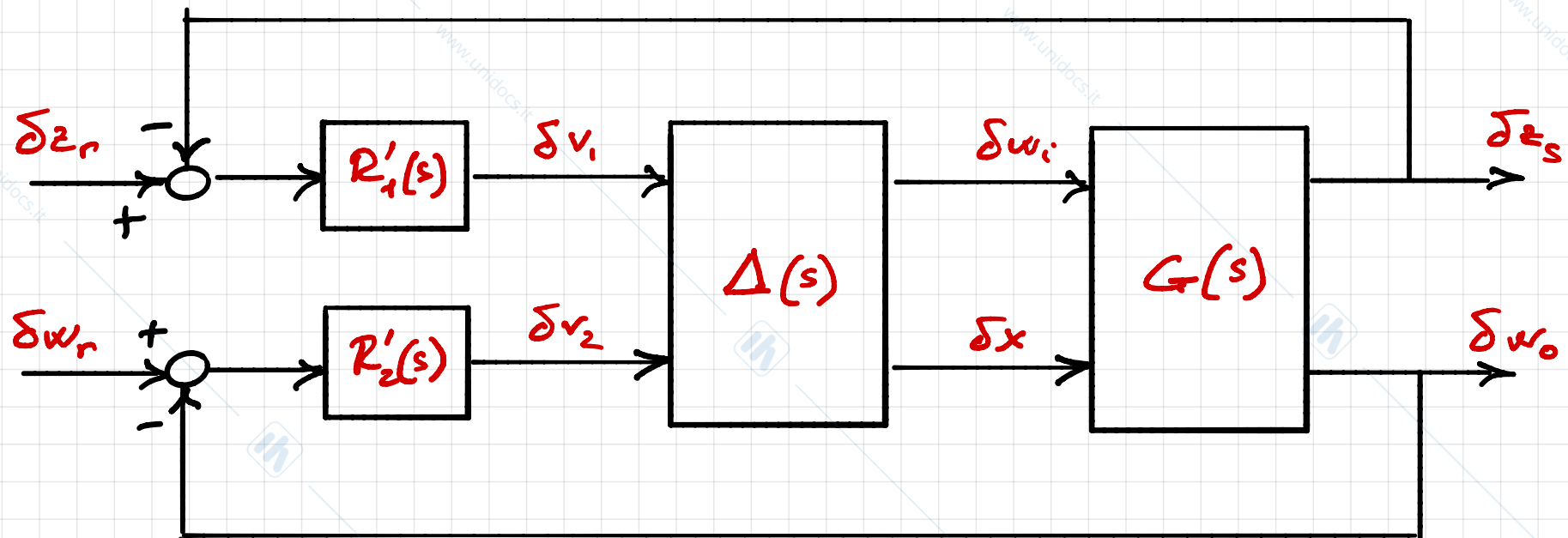
- PROGETTO DI  $R'_2(s)$  SU  $G'_{22}(s)$

$$\Rightarrow R'_2(s) = \frac{5 \cdot 10^{-5}}{\tau_2} \frac{1+s\tau_2}{s}$$

$$\begin{cases} \omega'_{c2} \approx 0.2 \\ \varphi'_{m2} \approx 90^\circ \end{cases}$$

OK

## - CONTROLLO CON DISACCOPIATORE



## - SIMULAZIONI

### - RIFERIMENTI

$$\delta z_r = -2 \text{ sca}(t-500)$$

$$\delta w_r = 5 \text{ sca}(t-5000)$$

### - SATURAZIONI

$$x \in [0.2, 1]$$

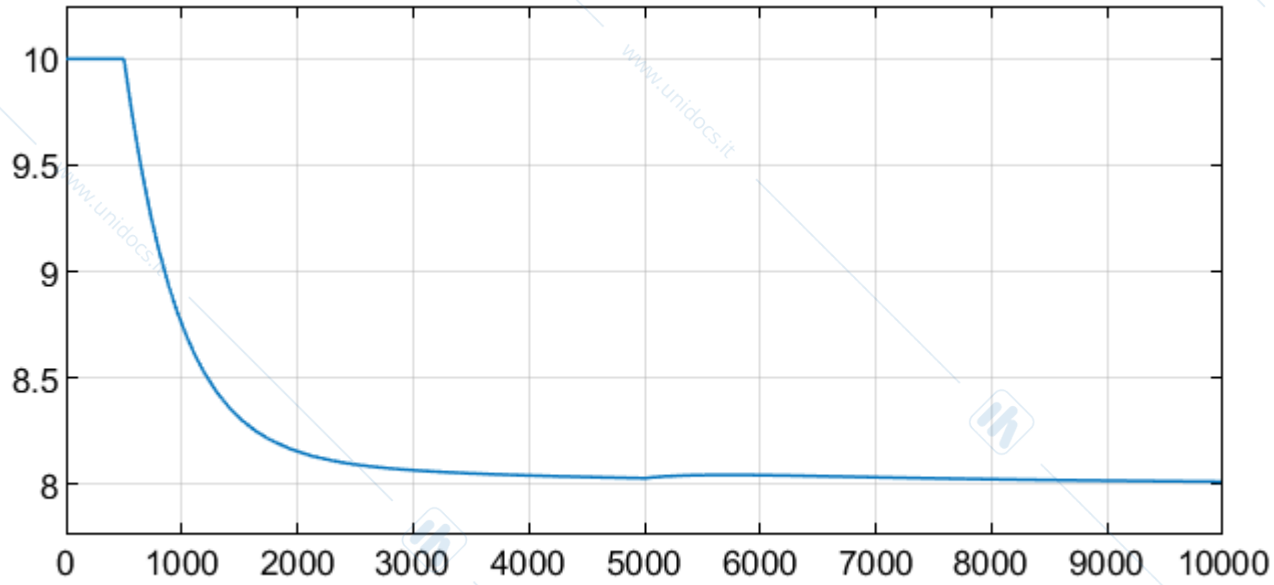
$$w_i \in [40, 100]$$

## - RISULTATI

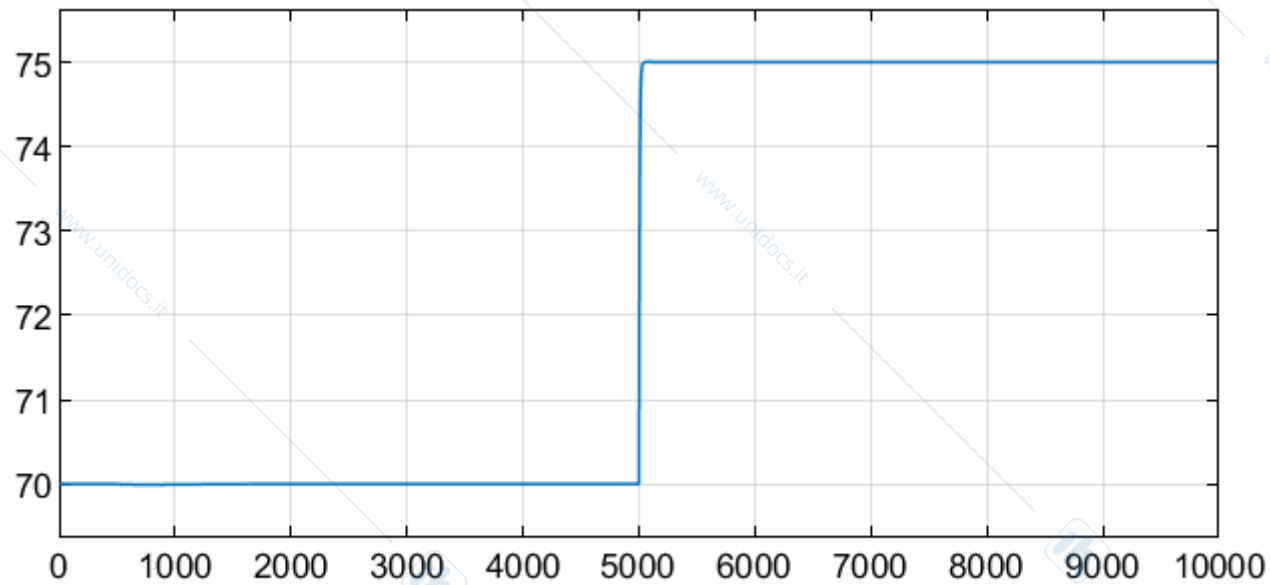
- CONTROLLO DI PORTATA MOLTO VELOCE
- CONTROLLO DI LIVELLO SODDISFACENTE
- SPECIFICA SU  $t_d$  RISPETTATA

condotta\_disac\_dinamico

# Controllo con disaccoppiatore

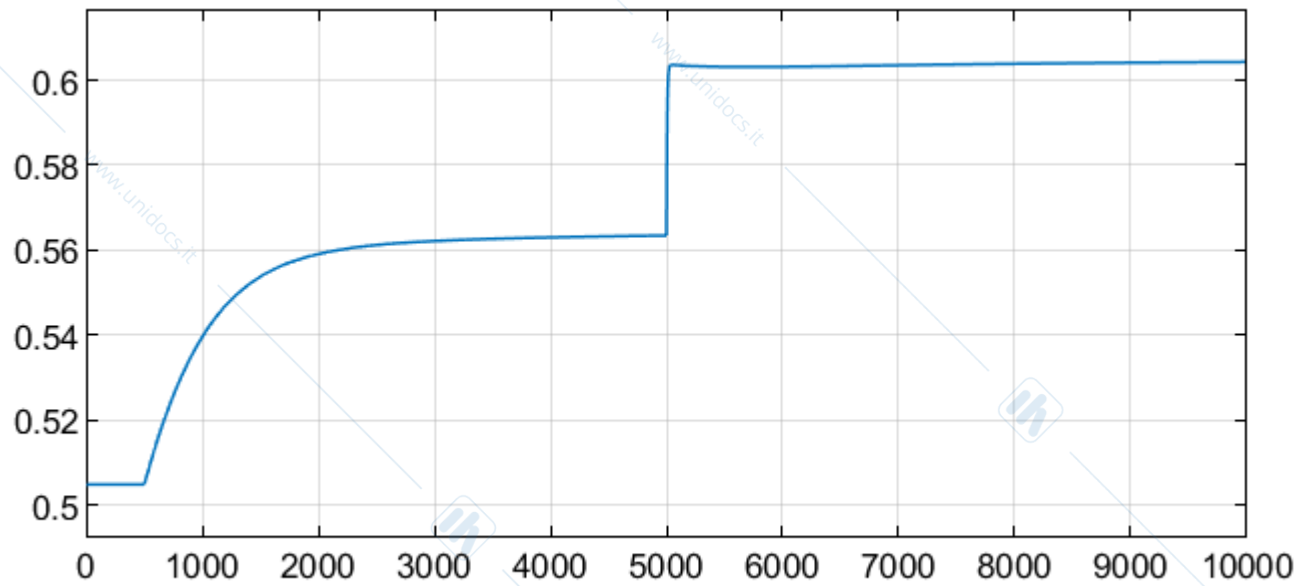


livello  $z_s$

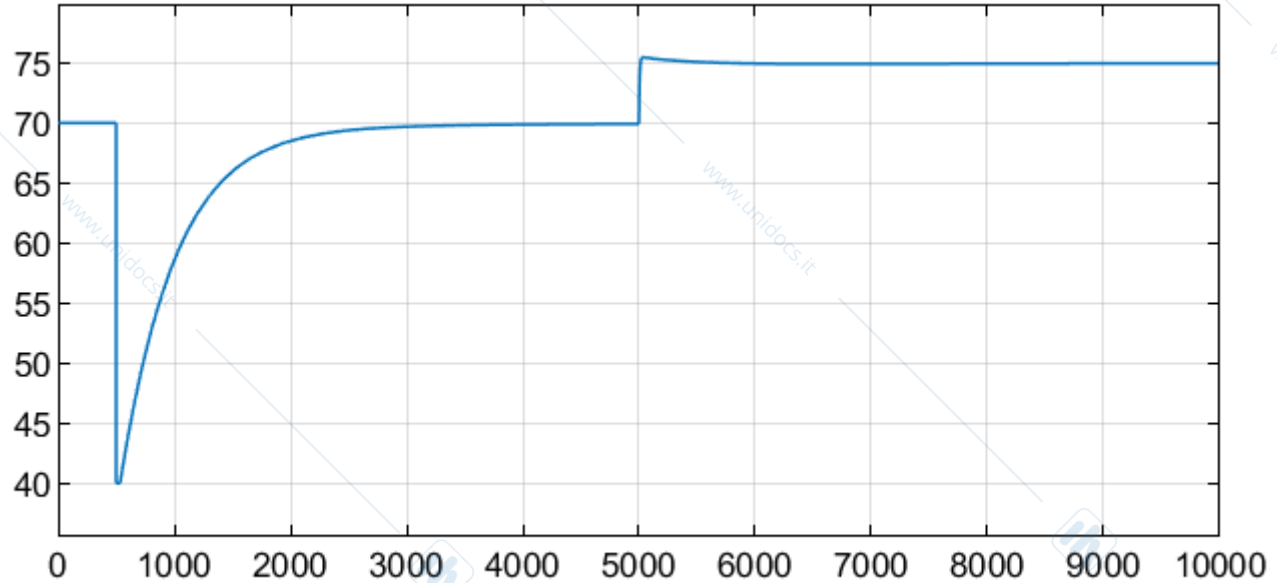


portata  $w_o$

# Controllo con disaccoppiatore



posizione  
valvola  $x$



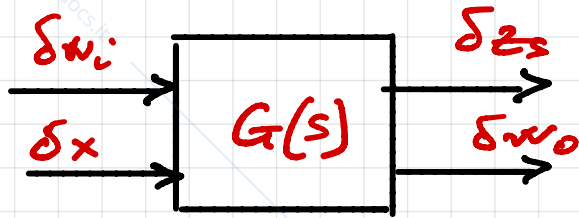
portata  $w_i$

**CONTROLLO  
DECENTRALIZZATO  
CON INVERSIONE  
DEGLI INGRESSI**

# - PROGETTO DI CONTROLLO DECENTRALIZZATO (CON INVERSIONE INGRESSI)

$w_i$ : PER REGOLARE  $z_s$

$x$  PER REGOLARE  $w_o$



$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} G_{zw}(s) & G_{zx}(s) \\ G_{ww}(s) & G_{wx}(s) \end{bmatrix}$$

PROGETTO SEQUENZIALE

- PROGETTO DI  $R_1(s)$  SU  $G_{zw}(s) = \frac{0.28}{1+s\tau_1}$

$$\Rightarrow R_1(s) = \frac{1.143}{\tau_1} \frac{1+s\tau_1}{s}$$

$$\begin{cases} \omega_{c1} \approx 0.143 \\ \varphi_{m1} \approx 90^\circ \end{cases}$$

OK

CON MATLAB

- PROGETTO DI  $R_2(s)$  SU  $G_{wx}^*(s) \approx \frac{M^*}{1+s\tau^*}$

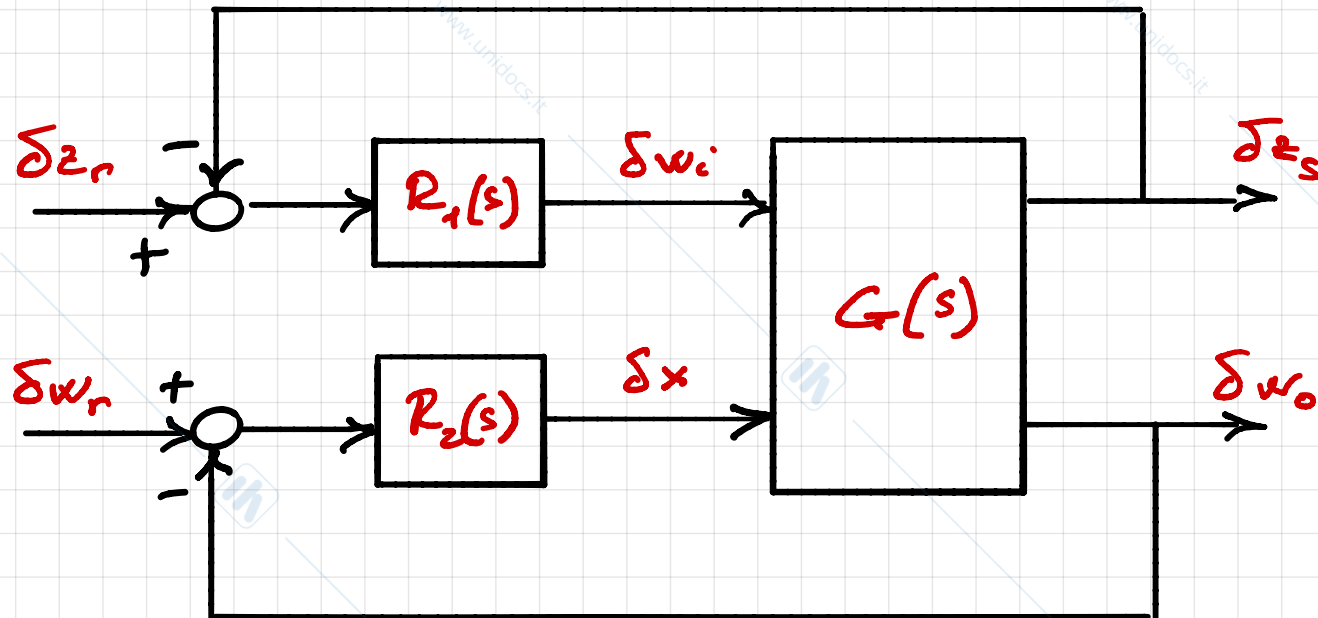
$$\begin{cases} M^* = 139 \\ \tau^* = 0.037 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_2(s) = \frac{3.7 \cdot 10^{-5}}{\tau^*} \frac{1+s\tau^*}{s}$$

$$\begin{cases} \omega_{c2} \approx 0.138 \\ \varphi_{m2} \approx 90^\circ \end{cases}$$

OK

# - CONTROLLO DECENTRALIZZATO (CON INVERSIONE INGRESSI)



## - SIMULAZIONI

### - RIFERIMENTI

$$\delta z_r = -2 \text{ sca}(t-500)$$

$$\delta w_r = 5 \text{ sca}(t-5000)$$

### - SATURAZIONI

$$x \in [0.2, 1]$$

$$w_i \in [40, 100]$$

## - RISULTATI

- CONTROLLO DI LIVELLO EFFICACE  
(ANCHE SE LIMITATO DALLA SATURAZIONE)

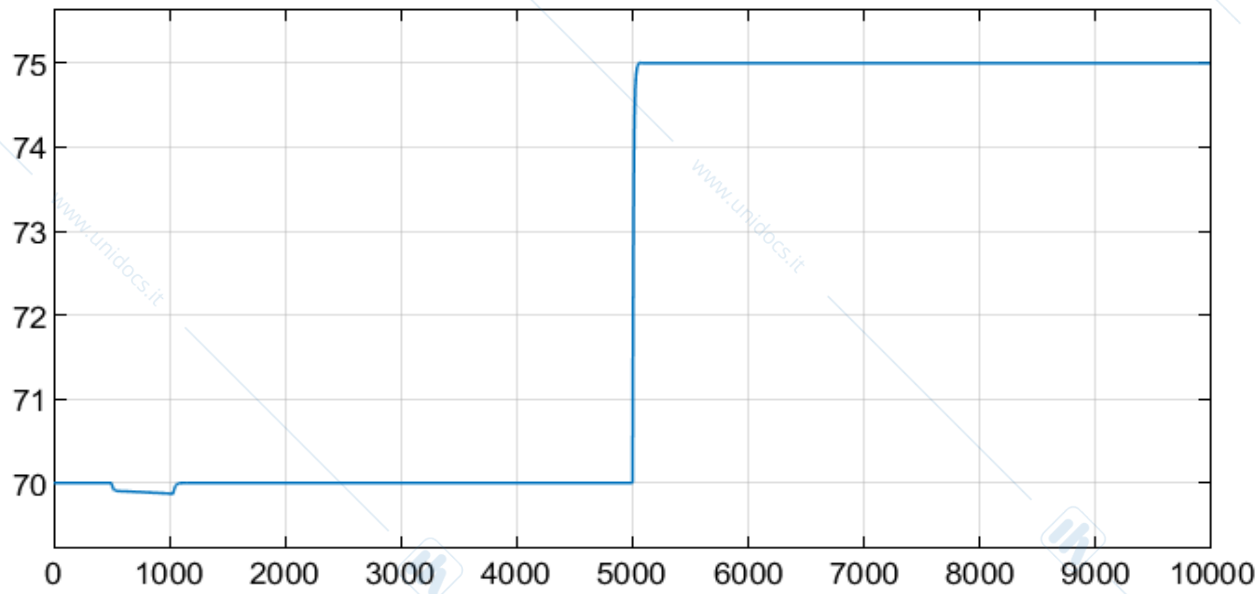
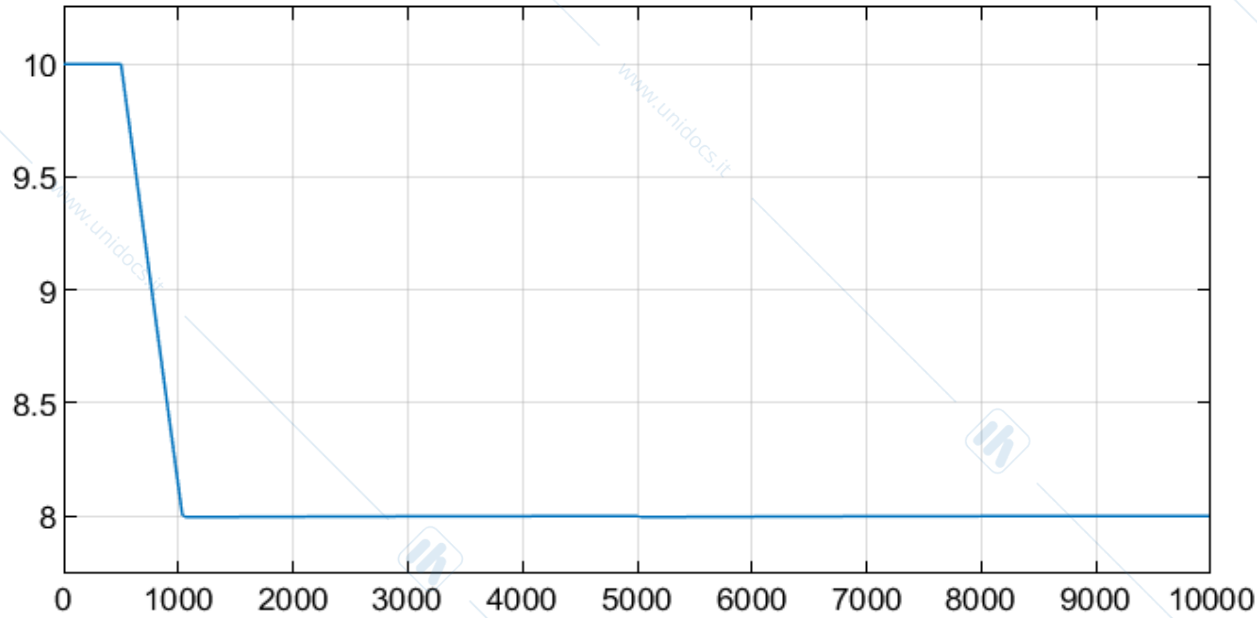
- CONTROLLO DI PORTATA MOLTO VELOCE

- SCARSA INTERFERENZA

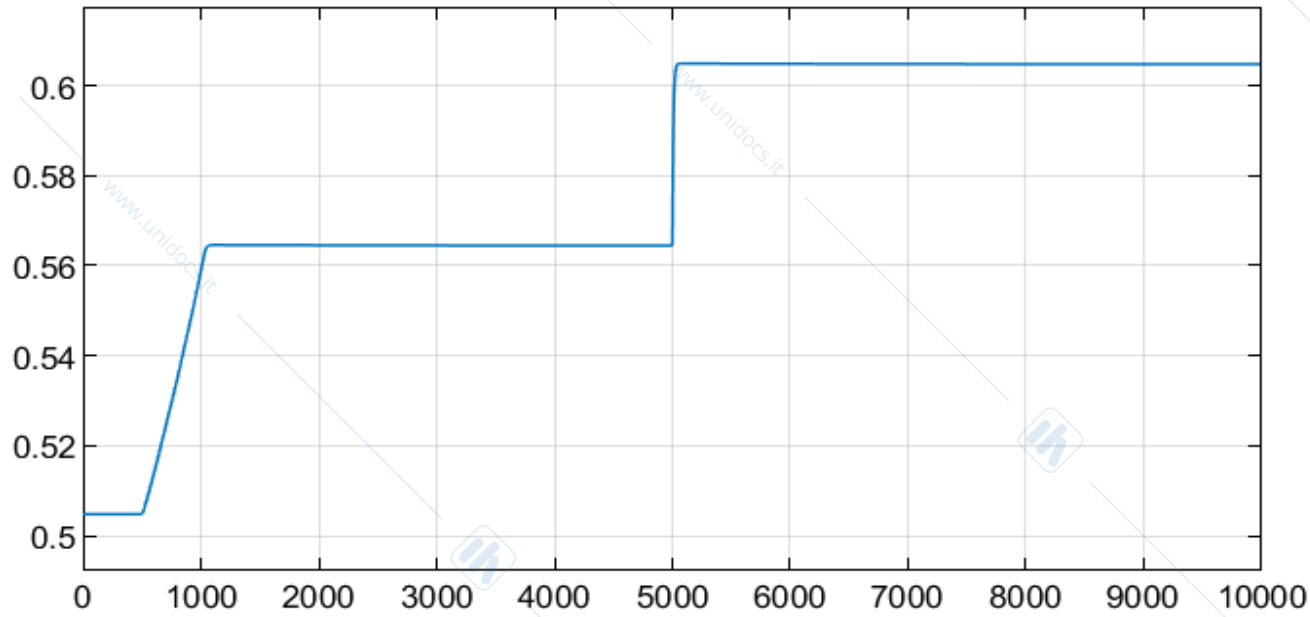
- ATTENZIONE! SISTEMA POCO TOLERANTE  
AI GUASTI

condotta\_dec\_seq

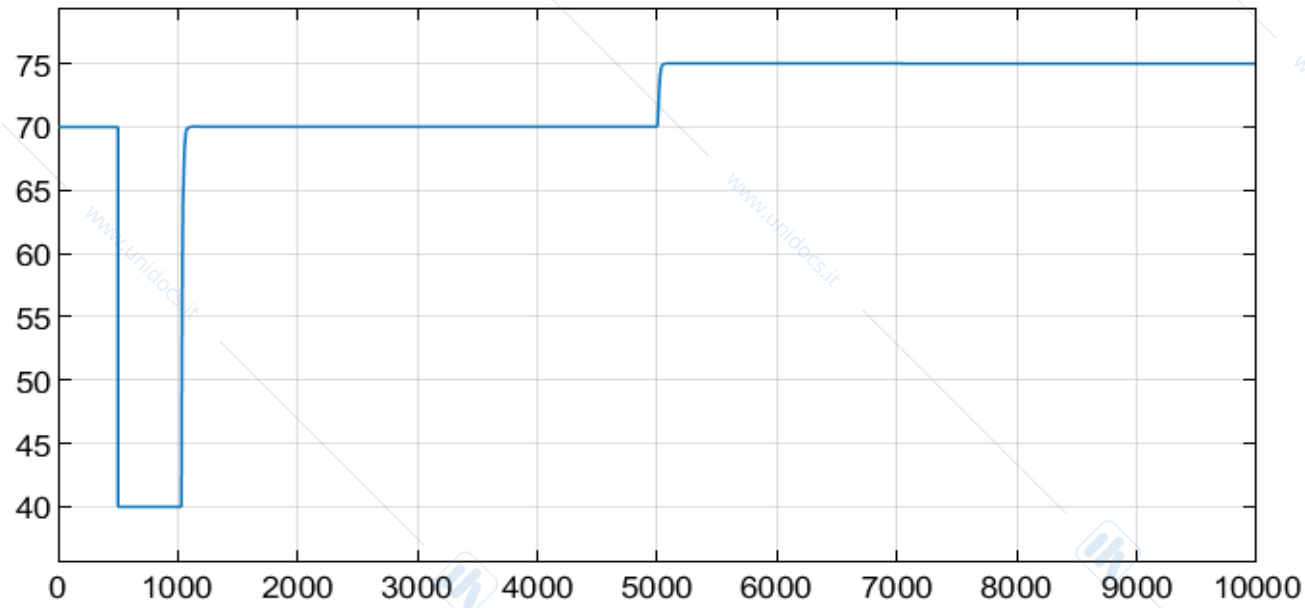
# Controllo decentralizzato con inversione degli ingressi



# Controllo decentralizzato con inversione degli ingressi



posizione  
valvola x



portata  $w_i$

## - TOLLERANZA AI GUASTI

- LA DISATTIVAZIONE DEL CONTROLLORE DI LIVELLO  $R_1(s)$  PUÒ PROVOCARE PERDITA DI CONTROLLO SULLA PORTATA

$$R_1(s) = 0 \Rightarrow G_{wx}^*(s) = G_{wx}(s) = \frac{\mu_{wx} s}{(1+s\tau_1)(1+s\tau_2)}$$

DERIVATORE

### - SIMULAZIONI

#### - RIFERIMENTI

$$\delta z_r = -2 \text{ sca}(t-500)$$

$$\delta w_r = 5 \text{ sca}(t-5000)$$

#### - SATURAZIONI

$$x \in [0.2, 1]$$

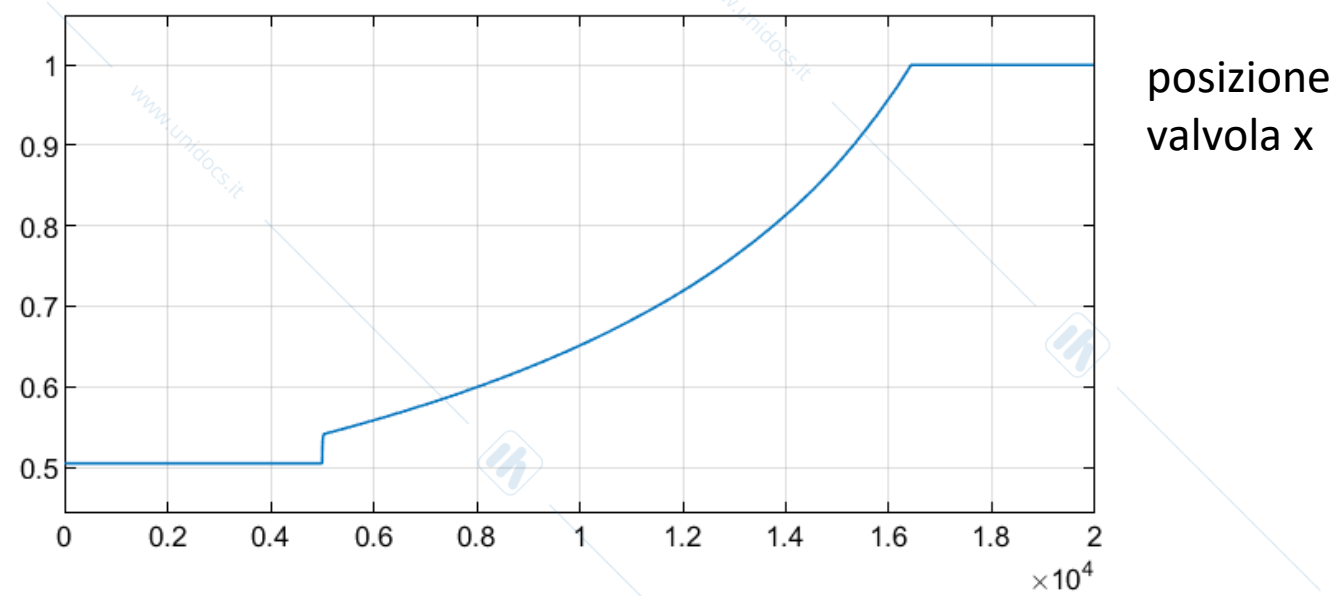
$$w_i \in [40, 100]$$

### - RISULTATI

- IL CONTROLLO DI PORTATA RICHIEDE  $x$  CRESCENTE PERCHÉ IL SERBATOIO SI SVUOTA
- QUANDO LA VALVOLA VA IN SATURAZIONE A  $x=1$  LA PORTATA  $w_0$  TORNA AL VALORE ORIGINARIO, UGUALE A  $w_i$

# Controllo decentralizzato con inversione degli ingressi

(controllo di livello disattivato)



portata  $w_o$

