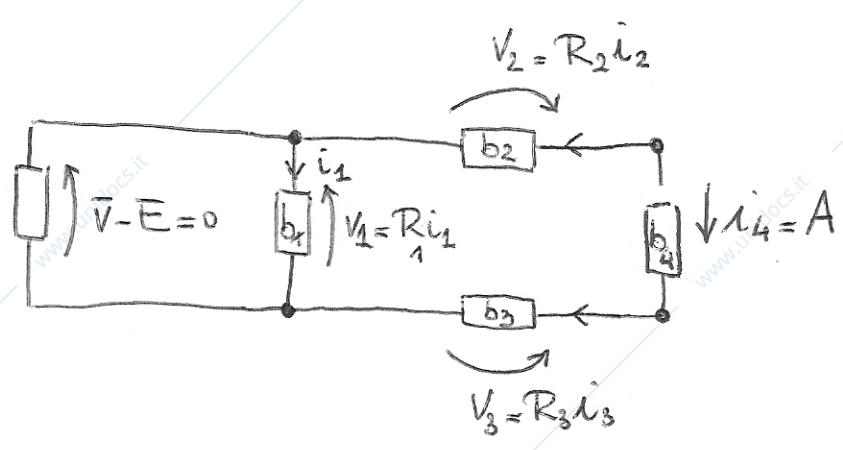
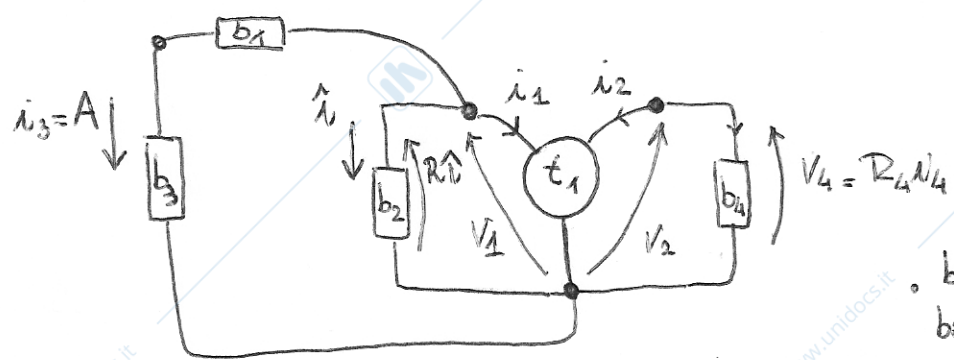


$$\begin{cases} V_1 = 0 \\ V_2 = z i_1 \end{cases}$$

RISOLVERE IL CIRCUITO



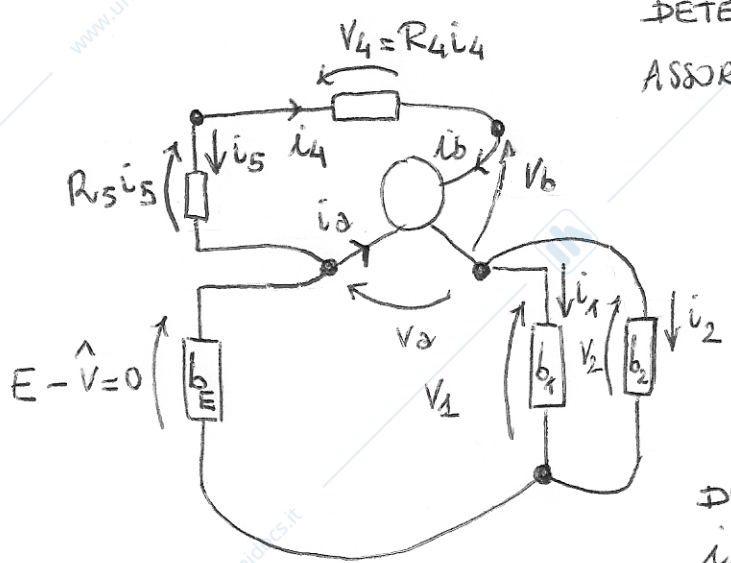
DETERMINARE E TALE CHE SIA NULLA LA POTENZA EROGATA DAL BIPOLO "b_4".



$$\begin{cases} i_1 = 0 \\ V_2 = \alpha V_1 \quad (\alpha \neq 0) \end{cases}$$

b_1 ammette base coesente

DETERMINARE LA POTENZA ELETTRICA ASSORBITA DAL TRIPOLLO "t_1"



$$\begin{cases} i_2 = g_2 V_1 \\ i_1 = g_1 V_1 \\ i_b = \gamma i_2 \quad (\gamma \neq 0) \\ V_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

DETERMINARE LA CORRENTE "i_3" e la POTENZA EROGATA da E_1