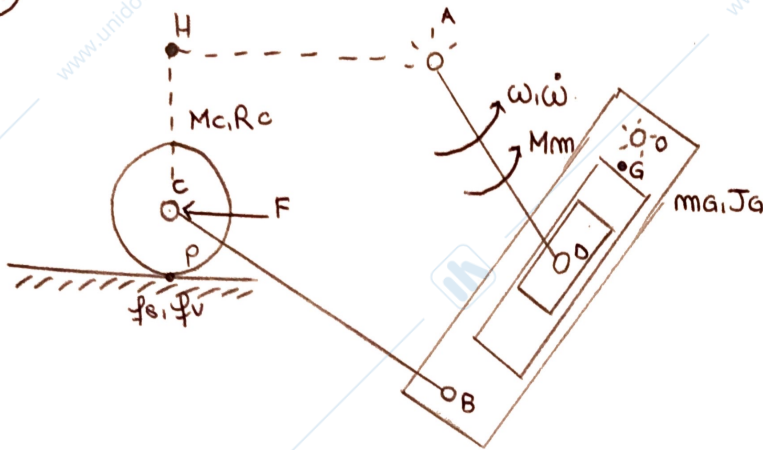
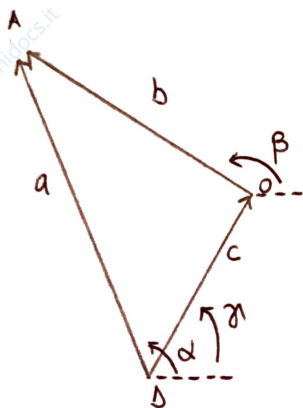


17



CHIUSURA 1:



\*(A-D) = (A-B) + (B-D)

\* $a e^{i\alpha} = b e^{i\beta} + c e^{i\gamma}$

1)	cost, noto	cost, noto	vari ?
X	vari, noto	cost, noto	vari ?

$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \dot{\alpha} &= \omega \vec{k} \\ \dot{\gamma} &= \dot{\omega} \vec{k} \end{aligned} \right\}$

DERIVO  $\rightarrow a \dot{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha + \pi/2)} = \dot{c} e^{i\gamma} + \dot{c} \dot{\gamma} e^{i(\gamma + \pi/2)} \rightarrow$  PROIETTO SU IRe e IIm:

IRe:  $\begin{cases} -a \dot{\alpha} \sin \alpha = \dot{c} \cos \gamma - \dot{c} \dot{\gamma} \sin \gamma \\ IIm: a \dot{\alpha} \cos \alpha = \dot{c} \sin \gamma + \dot{c} \dot{\gamma} \cos \gamma \end{cases} \Rightarrow$  trovo  $\dot{c}, \dot{\gamma}$

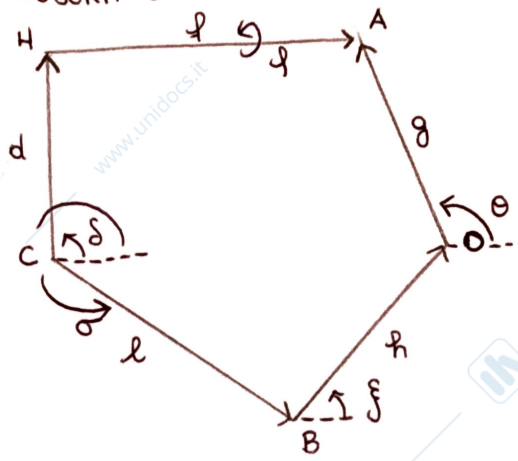
DERIVO  $\rightarrow a \ddot{\alpha} e^{i(\alpha + \pi/2)} - a \dot{\alpha}^2 e^{i\alpha} = \ddot{c} e^{i\gamma} + 2\dot{c}\dot{\gamma} e^{i(\gamma + \pi/2)} + \dot{c}\ddot{\gamma} e^{i(\gamma + \pi/2)} - \dot{c}\dot{\gamma}^2 e^{i\gamma}$

IRe:  $\begin{cases} a \ddot{\alpha} \sin \alpha - a \dot{\alpha}^2 \cos \alpha = \ddot{c} \cos \gamma - 2\dot{c}\dot{\gamma} \sin \gamma + \dot{c}\ddot{\gamma} \sin \gamma - \dot{c}\dot{\gamma}^2 \cos \gamma \\ IIm: a \ddot{\alpha} \cos \alpha - a \dot{\alpha}^2 \sin \alpha = \ddot{c} \sin \gamma + 2\dot{c}\dot{\gamma} \cos \gamma + \dot{c}\ddot{\gamma} \cos \gamma - \dot{c}\dot{\gamma}^2 \sin \gamma \end{cases}$

trovo  $\ddot{c}, \ddot{\gamma}$

con  $\dot{\gamma} =$  vel angolare del glifo

- CHIUSURA 2:



\*  $(H-C) + (A-H) = (A-O) + (O-B) + (B-C)$

\*  $de^{i\delta} + fe^{i\phi} = ge^{i\theta} + he^{i\xi} + le^{i\sigma}$

cost noto	var?	cost noto	cost noto	cost noto
cost noto	$\pi/2$	cost noto	var noto	var?

$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \dot{\xi} &= \dot{\alpha} \vec{k} ; \dot{\xi} = \dot{\alpha} \vec{k} \\ \theta &= \beta \end{aligned} \right\}$

DERIVO

$fe^{i\phi} = h\dot{\xi}e^{i(\xi+\pi/2)} + l\dot{\sigma}e^{i(\sigma+\pi/2)}$

Re:  $\begin{cases} f\cos\phi = -h\dot{\xi}\sin\xi - l\dot{\sigma}\sin\sigma \\ f\sin\phi = h\dot{\xi}\cos\xi + l\dot{\sigma}\cos\sigma \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{trovo } \dot{\xi}, \dot{\sigma}$

DERIVO

$f\ddot{\phi}e^{i\phi} = h\ddot{\xi}e^{i(\xi+\pi/2)} - h\dot{\xi}^2e^{i\xi} + l\ddot{\sigma}e^{i(\sigma+\pi/2)} - l\dot{\sigma}^2e^{i\sigma}$

Re:  $\begin{cases} f\ddot{\phi}\cos\phi = -h\ddot{\xi}\sin\xi - h\dot{\xi}^2\cos\xi - l\ddot{\sigma}\sin\sigma - l\dot{\sigma}^2\cos\sigma \\ f\ddot{\phi}\sin\phi = h\ddot{\xi}\cos\xi - h\dot{\xi}^2\sin\xi + l\ddot{\sigma}\cos\sigma - l\dot{\sigma}^2\sin\sigma \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{trovo } \ddot{\xi}, \ddot{\sigma}$

$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \vec{v}_C &= \dot{\phi} \vec{i} \\ \vec{v}_C &= \vec{v}_P + \vec{\omega}_C \wedge (C-P) = \omega_C \vec{k} \wedge (R_C \vec{j}) \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \vec{\omega}_C = -\frac{\dot{\phi}}{R_C} \vec{k} \Rightarrow \vec{\omega}_C = -\frac{\dot{\phi}}{R_C} \vec{k}$

\*  $\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_O + \vec{\omega}_{GUFO} \wedge (B-O) = \emptyset + \dot{\alpha} \vec{k} (B\bar{O}\cos\xi \vec{i} + B\bar{O}\sin\xi \vec{j}) = \dot{\alpha} B\bar{O}\cos\xi \vec{j} - \dot{\alpha} B\bar{O}\sin\xi \vec{i}$

$$* \vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_O + \vec{\omega} \wedge (\vec{B}-O) - \omega^2 (\vec{B}-O)$$

$$= \varnothing + \ddot{\alpha} \kappa \wedge (\overline{B_0} \cos \xi \vec{i} + \overline{B_0} \sin \xi \vec{j}) - \dot{\alpha}^2 (\overline{B_0} \cos \xi \vec{i} + \overline{B_0} \sin \xi \vec{j})$$

$$= (\ddot{\alpha} \overline{B_0} \cos \xi \vec{j} - \dot{\alpha}^2 \sin \xi \vec{j}) - (\ddot{\alpha} \overline{B_0} \sin \xi \vec{i} + \dot{\alpha}^2 \overline{B_0} \cos \xi \vec{i})$$

TH. DELL'E. CINETICA:

$$* \frac{dE_c}{dt} = \sum W_j$$

$$\frac{dE_c}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left[ \frac{1}{2} M_c \vec{v}_c \times \vec{v}_c + \frac{1}{2} J_c \vec{\omega} \times \vec{\omega} + \frac{1}{2} m a \vec{v}_a \times \vec{v}_a + \frac{1}{2} J_a \vec{\omega}_a \times \vec{\omega}_a \right] =$$

$$= M_c v_c a_c + J_c \omega_c \dot{\omega}_c + m a (v_{ax} a_{ax} + v_{ay} a_{ay}) + J_a \omega_a \dot{\omega}_a$$

$$* \vec{v}_G = \vec{v}_O + \vec{\omega} \wedge (\vec{G}-O) = \varnothing + \dot{\alpha} \kappa \wedge (\overline{G_0} \cos \alpha \vec{i} + \overline{G_0} \sin \alpha \vec{j})$$

$$= \frac{\dot{\alpha} \overline{G_0} \cos \alpha \vec{j}}{v_{G,y}} - \frac{\dot{\alpha} \overline{G_0} \sin \alpha \vec{i}}{v_{G,x}}$$

$$* \vec{a}_G = \vec{a}_O + \vec{\omega} \wedge (\vec{G}-O) - \omega^2 (\vec{G}-O) = \varnothing + \ddot{\alpha} \kappa \wedge (\overline{G_0} \cos \alpha \vec{i} + \overline{G_0} \sin \alpha \vec{j}) - \dot{\alpha}^2 (\overline{G_0} \cos \alpha \vec{i} + \overline{G_0} \sin \alpha \vec{j})$$

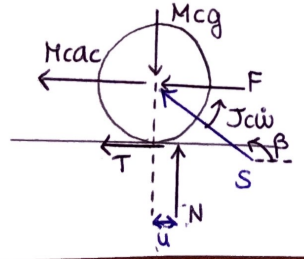
$$= \frac{(\ddot{\alpha} \overline{G_0} \cos \alpha - \dot{\alpha}^2 \sin \alpha) \vec{i}}{a_{G,x}} - \frac{(\ddot{\alpha} \overline{G_0} \sin \alpha + \dot{\alpha}^2 \overline{G_0} \cos \alpha) \vec{j}}{a_{G,y}}$$

$$* J_c = \frac{1}{2} M_c R_c^2$$

$$* \sum W_{ATTIVE} = \vec{F} \times \vec{v}_c + M_c \vec{g} \times \vec{v}_c + M m \vec{x} \dot{\omega} + M a \vec{g} \times \vec{v}_a$$

$$= -F v_c + M m \omega - M a g v_{a,y}$$

$$* \sum W_{REATT} = -|N| \psi v R_c |\omega|$$



$$\begin{cases} \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow -M c a_c - F - T - S \cos \beta = 0 \\ \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow N - M c g - S \sin \beta = 0 \\ \sum M_c = 0 \Rightarrow N R_c - T R_c + J \dot{\omega} = 0 \end{cases}$$

3 eq + TH DELL'E. C. IM  $\Rightarrow$  trovo  $N, T, S, F$

- Per la VERIFICA DI ADERENZA devo vedere se:

$$|T| \leq \psi |N|$$

(con  $T$  e  $N$  calcolati dalle eq. di equilibrio).

$\downarrow$

se è verificata la disuguaglianza

$\downarrow$

c'è aderenza