



Università degli Studi di Milano

Corso di laurea magistrale in Relazioni Internazionali ed altre lauree specialistiche

**Legal and Academic Discourse in English**  
**Mock test 22-23**

<b>I</b>	<b>Indicate whether the following are True (T) or False (F) by filling in the corresponding square in the answer sheet:</b>
1	In legal language multinomials are generally used for the sake of precision.
2	'Case Law' is said to be "deductive" as the general rules are laid down in advance and then applied to single cases.
3	The only way to change an arbitration ruling is litigation.
4	In England the decisions of the Supreme Court (former House of Lords) are binding on the Court of Appeal but not on the Magistrates' Court.
5	In the "Parmigiano Reggiano" case the German Government contended that the designation "Parmesan" was a PDO name.
6	"Do", "thank" and "enact" are performative verbs.

**II. On your answer sheet, match each of the following denominations with the relevant section in the text below, from A to F**

7) action rules

8) stipulation rules

9) long title

10) definition rules

11) short title

12) enacting formula



<b>A</b>	<p><i>1 Development assistance</i></p> <p>(1) The Secretary of State may provide any person or body with development assistance if he is satisfied that the provision of the assistance is likely to contribute to a reduction in poverty. [...]</p> <p>7 (1) The Secretary of State shall provide assistance under this Act on such terms and conditions (if any) as he may determine. [...]</p>	
<b>B</b>	<p>International Development Act 2002</p> <p>2002 CHAPTER 1</p>	
<b>C</b>	<p>(2) In this Act "development assistance" means assistance provided for the purpose of –</p> <p>(a) furthering sustainable development in one or more countries outside the United Kingdom, [...]</p>	
<b>D</b>	<p>An Act to make provision relating to the provision of assistance for countries outside the United Kingdom; to make provision with respect to certain international financial institutions and the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission; and for connected purposes.</p> <p>[26th February 2002]</p>	
<b>E</b>	<p>20 (1) This Act may be cited as the International Development Act 2002.</p> <p>(2) This Act shall come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint. [...]</p> <p>(5) Subject to that, this Act extends to Northern Ireland.</p>	
<b>F</b>	<p>Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows: –</p>	

<b>III</b>	<b>For each question indicate the correct alternative among those given by filling in the relevant square in the answer sheet.</b>
13	<p>“WHEREAS, ABC wishes to obtain a [graphic or text] link to XYZ’s Web Site which Users of ABC’s Web Site can click on or otherwise select to move to XYZ’s Web Site”.</p> <p><b>This is a part of an International Contract’s</b></p> <p>a. Preamble</p> <p>b. Commencement</p> <p>c. Definition rules</p> <p>d. Action rules</p>
14	<p><b>Compared to the ‘arbitrator’, the ‘mediator’</b></p> <p>a. is generally used for major disputes</p> <p>b. gives a binding judgement</p> <p>c. tries to push the parties onto common ground</p> <p>d. must be either a solicitor or a barrister</p>
15	<p><b>The Environment Act 1995</b></p> <p>a. establishes a national policy for the environment in the USA</p> <p>b. is a contract between the State and some energy companies</p> <p>c. is one of the documents regulating environmental policy in the UK</p> <p>d. is part of the Treaty establishing the European Union</p>
16	<p><b>In legal texts “reasonable doubt”, “negligence” and “satisfactory” are</b></p> <p>a. words with flexible meaning</p> <p>b. words derived from Latin</p> <p>c. words attempting at extreme precision</p> <p>d. words having no counterpart in Italian law</p>
17	<p>“Section 2 shall not come into force as respects Wales until such day as the National Assembly for Wales may by order made by statutory instrument appoint”. This sentence shows one the most relevant peculiarities of legal language, that is:</p> <p>a. the use of vague terms</p> <p>b. syntactic discontinuity</p> <p>c. the use of words from old and middle English, not used in general English</p> <p>d. numbering and lettering</p>

**IV. Match the following terms with their correct definition, writing the right combination of number and letter in the grid on your answer sheet.**

18. severability  
 19. redress  
 20. warrant of execution  
 21. overrule

22. damages  
 23. tort  
 24. pleadings

- a. a civil wrong  
 b. the formal allegations by the parties of their respective claims and defences  
 c. a writ allowing a county bailiff to attend a debtor’s address to take goods  
 d. compensation or satisfaction for a wrong or injury  
 e. a provision in a contract under which a contract’s valid part(s) remain effective and enforceable even if its other part(s) are declared void.  
 f. the pecuniary reparation due for loss, harm or injury  
 g. to make a judicial decision void, depriving it of its authority as precedent

<b>V</b>	<b>Match each slot with the word that best completes it in, by filling in the corresponding square in the answer sheet. There are more words than gaps.</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- ' __25__ EU law' is a legal concept describing EU-derived rights and legislation preserved by UK law after the end of the Brexit transition period.</li> <li>- Pursuant to paragraphs 4(i) of the Policy and 15 of the Rules, the Panel orders that the domain name &lt;juliaroberts.com&gt; be transferred to __26__ Julia Fiona Roberts.</li> <li>- The Common Law of contracts is based on certainty and __27__.</li> <li>- The Committee against Torture regularly reviews reports of state parties on the __28__ of the Convention, making recommendations to states on how to prevent and punish torture and provide __29__ to victims.</li> </ul>

a) reparations	b) fair	c) implementation	d) control	e) predictability	f) claims	g) retained	h) complainant
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<b>VI</b>	<b>Match each statement with the preposition/s or adverbial particle/s that best complete/s it. There are more words than gaps.</b>
	Mr Andrew Smith, __30__ behalf of his client Samuel Gray, filed a complaint against the hospital.
	We shall indemnify and hold harmless __31__ any and all losses, costs, damages, liabilities, and expenses occasioned by, arising out of, or incurred in connection with any event or occurrence causing injury to any person or property.
	This Convention shall enter __32__ force on the 30th day after the deposit of the twentieth instrument of ratification or accession.
	Any notice, demand or other communication required or permitted to be given or made __33__ this Agreement shall be sufficiently given or made if: a) delivered in writing .... [...].
	Mr Bigi is charged __34__ fraudulent trading and selling industrial products with misleading indications.
	These products are not covered by the system of derogations set __35__ by article 13(2).

a) up	b) with	c) of	d) from	e) in
	f) on	g) by	h) under	i) into