

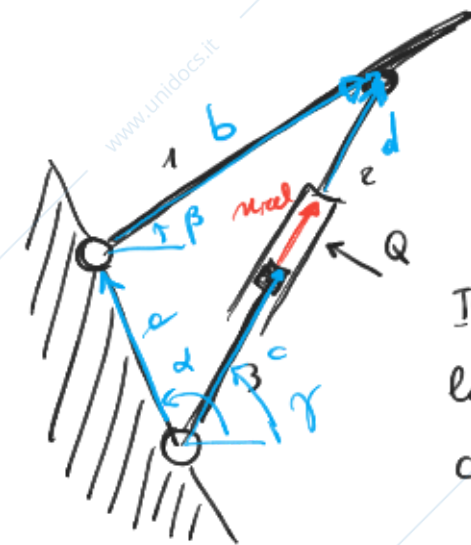
## Cinematica Sistemi Corpi Rigidi. Trattore



Complesso sistema di meccanismi



3 quadrilateri articolati  
1 glifo

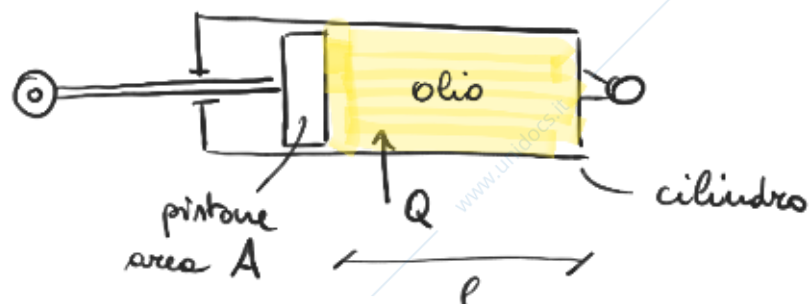


$$\begin{aligned}
 3 \text{ corpi rigidi} &= 9 \text{ pdl} \\
 3 \text{ cerniere} &= 6 \text{ pdv} \\
 1 \text{ manicotto} &= 2 \text{ pdv}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$1 \text{ pdl}$$

Il sistema viene azionato regolando la portata di olio<sup>(a)</sup> che entra nel cilindro idraulico



Volume del cilindro  $V = A \cdot l$   $l$  variabile

Considerando l'olio come incompressibile, se

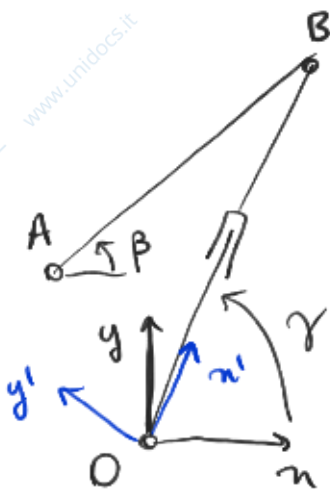
$Q$  è la portata volumetrica [ $\text{dm}^3/\text{s}$ ] allora

$\dot{V} = Q = A \dot{l}$  quindi nota  $Q$  è noto  $\dot{l}$

$l = l_0 + \int_0^t \frac{Q}{A} dt$

$l = n_{rel}$  *var indipendente*

$a e^{i\alpha} + b e^{i\beta} = (c + n_{rel} + d) e^{i\gamma}$



Studio  $\vec{v}_B$  con una terra rotante in O

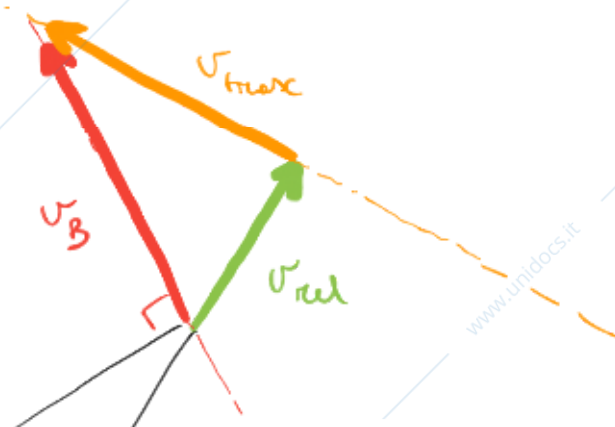
$\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_{tranc} + \vec{v}_{rel}$

$\vec{v}_B = \vec{\omega}_{AB} \wedge (B-A)$   $|?| \triangle \perp (B-A)$

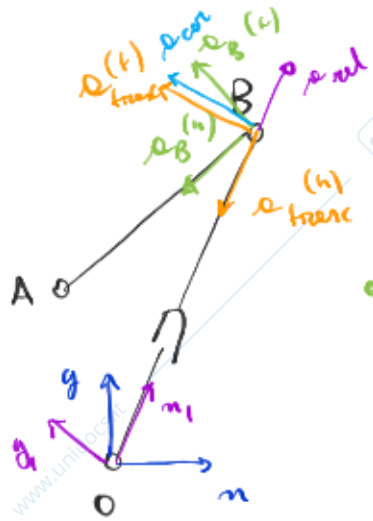
$\vec{v}_{tranc} = \vec{\omega}_{Bo} \wedge (B-o)$   $|?| \triangle \perp (B-o)$

$\vec{v}_{rel} = v_{rel} \hat{x}_1$   $|note| \triangle \parallel (B-o)$

	$\vec{v}_B$	$=$	$\vec{v}_{tranc}$	$+$	$\vec{v}_{rel}$
$\parallel$	$\omega_{AB} \overline{AB} (?)$		$\omega_{oB} \overline{Bo} (?)$		$v_{rel}$
$\triangle$	$\perp (B-A)$		$\perp (B-o)$		$\parallel (B-o)$



# Accelerazioni



$$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_{tranc} + \vec{a}_{rel} + \vec{a}_{cor}$$

Il moto assoluto di B è rotatorio intorno ad A

- $$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_B^{(t)} + \vec{a}_B^{(n)}$$

$$= \dot{\vec{\omega}}_{AB} \wedge (B-A) - \omega_{AB}^2 (B-A)$$

Il moto di trascinamento è rotatorio intorno ad O

- $$\vec{a}_{tranc} = \vec{a}_{tranc}^{(t)} + \vec{a}_{tranc}^{(n)}$$

$$= \dot{\vec{\omega}}_{Bo} \wedge (B-O) - \omega_{Bo}^2 (B-O)$$

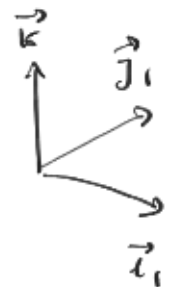
Il moto relativo è traslatorio rettilineo

- $$\vec{a}_{rel} = \dot{v}_{rel} \hat{i}_1$$

Coriolis

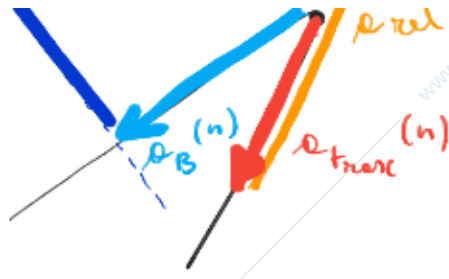
- $$\vec{a}_{cor} = 2 \vec{\omega}_{Bo} \wedge \vec{v}_{rel} = 2 \omega_{Bo} \vec{k} \wedge v_{rel} \hat{i}_1$$

$$= 2 \omega_{Bo} v_{rel} \hat{j}_1$$



$\vec{a}_B^{(t)}$	$+$	$\vec{a}_B^{(n)}$	$=$	$\vec{a}_{tranc}^{(t)}$	$+$	$\vec{a}_{tranc}^{(n)}$	$+$	$\vec{a}_{rel}$	$+$	$\vec{a}_{cor}$
$\parallel \dot{\omega}_{AB} \overline{AB} (?)$		$\omega_{AB}^2 \overline{AB}$		$\parallel \dot{\omega}_{Bo} \overline{Bo} (?)$		$\omega_{Bo}^2 \overline{Bo}$		$v_{rel}$		$2 \omega_{Bo} v_{rel}$
$\perp (B-A)$		$\parallel (B-A)$		$\perp (B-O)$		$\parallel (B-O)$		$\parallel (B-O)$		$\perp (B-O)$





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