

## LAW

### 1 POL INTRODUCTION

1. What do rules concern?
2. What are social rules?
3. What are religious rules?
4. Western legal tradition features
5. Describe the Rule of Law
6. The approaches in western tradition
7. Explain the social character
8. Constituent elements of legal systems
9. Functions of Law?
10. What is law made of?
11. They must be...
12. Law is made of groups of rules concerning...
13. Apart from sanctions you need...
14. Describe the common law system
15. Describe the civil law system
16. What is public law?
17. Its branches?
18. Civil law?
19. Its branches?
20. What is an obligation?
21. What is strict liability?
22. EU Law is...
23. The international branches of law?
24. Law and moral
25. In the field of contract law there are international tools such as:

### 2 POL PUBLIC LAW I

#### Chapter 1

1. What are the main features of a legal system?
2. What is a legal system?
3. The types of classifications of legal systems
4. The different classifications of legal systems?
5. What is a community?
6. What is the State?
7. When was the state created first?
8. The State in the modern world
9. Theories/concepts forming the basis and legitimization of sovereign power:
10. Legal norms must necessarily possess:
11. Legal sources are considered legitimate if they comply with the following requisites:
12. The main elements of the state legal system:
13. Contemporary state is characterized by...
14. What are principles?
15. The difference between principles and values
16. What is the role of Constitutions for principles?
17. The 3 main tasks of constitutions

18. Constitutions are...
19. According to Locke, the Constitution is...
20. The unwritten constitution
21. Flexible and rigid constitutions
22. The 2 ways in which constitutions can be described
23. The rule of law (Dicey)
24. The modern democratic/liberal states are based on the principle of
25. On the other hand, tyranny...
26. What is the principle of legality?
27. How is it important?
28. Why is it important to distinguish between principles and norms within a constitution?
29. What are the state elements?
30. Who are people?
31. What was people's state like back then?
32. What is population?
33. What is a nation?
34. How is it in the Italian constitution?
35. The doctrinal debate of the definition of people
36. What is citizenship?
37. The 2 main criteria for citizenship
38. The 3<sup>rd</sup> criterion?
39. What about the EU citizenship?
40. What is territory?
41. How are borders identified?
42. Sea borders
43. Open seas
44. Continental shelf
45. Exclusive economic zones
46. Aerial space?
47. Subsoil?
48. The doctrinal theories about territory?

## Chapter 2

1. Talk about the globalization and multi-level constitutionalism
2. The brief time table of EU

## Chapter 3

1. What are forms of state?
2. What are forms of government?
3. The classifications of the forms of political powers by philosophers:
4. Forms of state using diachronic classification (in chronological order)
5. Forms of state using the synchronic classification
6. Talk about the Federal State
7. How do we allocate powers in a "federalistic" way?
8. How was the federal state in the US established?
9. The traditional federal state model?
10. The federalizing processes
11. Sovereignty in the Federal State
12. Federal State operating models:
13. The 2 ways of allocating powers:

14. The Federal and Regional States:
15. Italy as a regional state
16. The forms of government

### 3 POL PUBLIC LAW II

#### Chapter 11

1. What are rules? (not a definition)
2. What can a rule be?
3. Positive nature of rules
4. What are not positive?
5. Describe legal rules
6. Legal rules must be endowed with:
7. Sources of law
8. How does a law become effective?
9. Acts and facts
10. Interpretation
11. The Constitutional Statutory Limits
12. Types of National Sources

#### Constitution and other constitutional sources

##### Primary sources:

Ordinary State laws, acts having force of law;  
regional laws;  
Abrogative referendum, standing orders

Government, ministerial and inter-ministerial regulations

Administrative provisions adopted by public administrations

13. Types of regional sources
14. The EU sources of law

#### Chapter 14

1. Human rights are
2. Brief historical outline of rights
3. Generations of rights
4. The types of rights

### 4 POL ITALIAN PRIVATE LAW I

#### Chapter 1 of Principles of Italian private law

1. What is a rule?

2. What can a rule be?
3. Rules and norms
4. What is a source of law?
5. What types are there?
6. Art 1 of CC
7. Sources of Italian Law

#### Chapter 2

1. A brief timeline of contract law
2. A legal rule
3. Interpretation of the contract law

#### Chapter 3

1. Legal facts and acts
2. Torts
3. Contracts

#### Chapter 4

1. Society is composed of...
2. Persons types
3. Types of capacities
4. The types of incapacities to act

#### Chapter 5

1. The definition of property and its explanation
2. The definition of a thing
3. The types of property
4. The notion of universality of movables
5. Fruit
6. Public and private things

#### Chapter 6

1. Describe the protection of rights
2. The limitations/prescriptions on the protection of rights

#### Chapter 8

1. Describe the notion of property
- 2.